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Weekly Domestic OSINT Report

02OCT2021 to 08OCT2021

TRIPwire

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This weekly report provides an overview of significant domestic explosives-based incidents and statistical data trends for Federal, State, local, tribal, and territorial government and private sector partners.

46

total incidents reported between
02OCT2021 and 08OCT2021

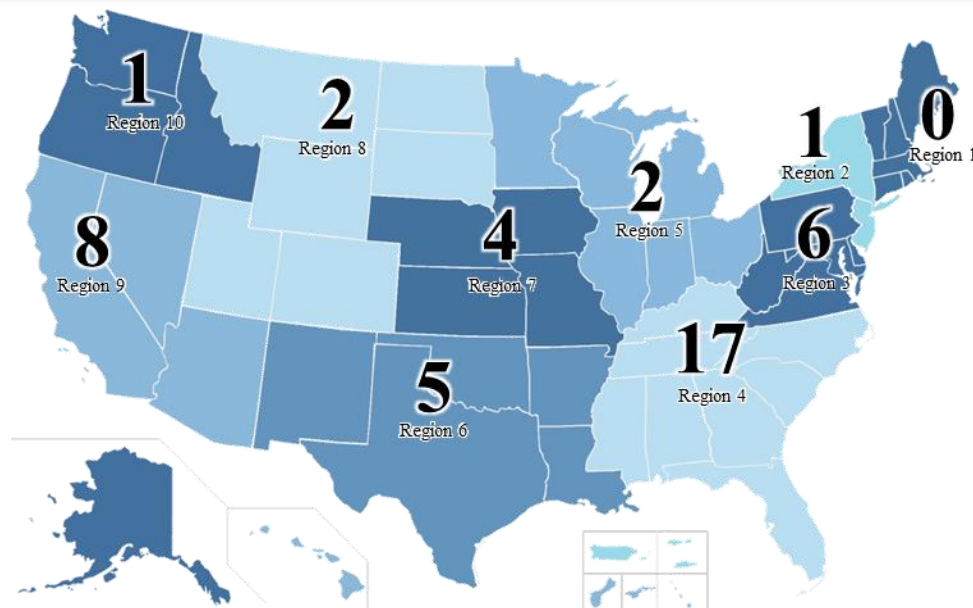
0 Killed



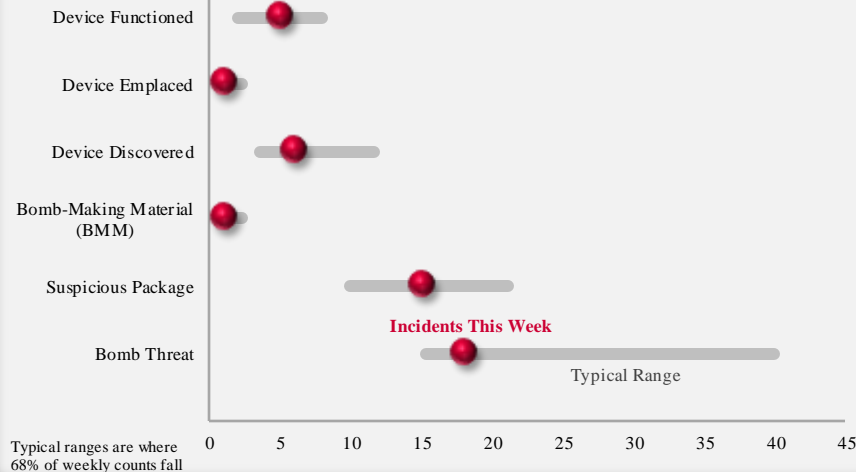
2 Injured



9 Arrested

13 Device & Bomb-Making
Material (BMM)15 Suspicious
Package18 Bomb
Threat

Incidents by Incident Type
with typical normal weekly counts



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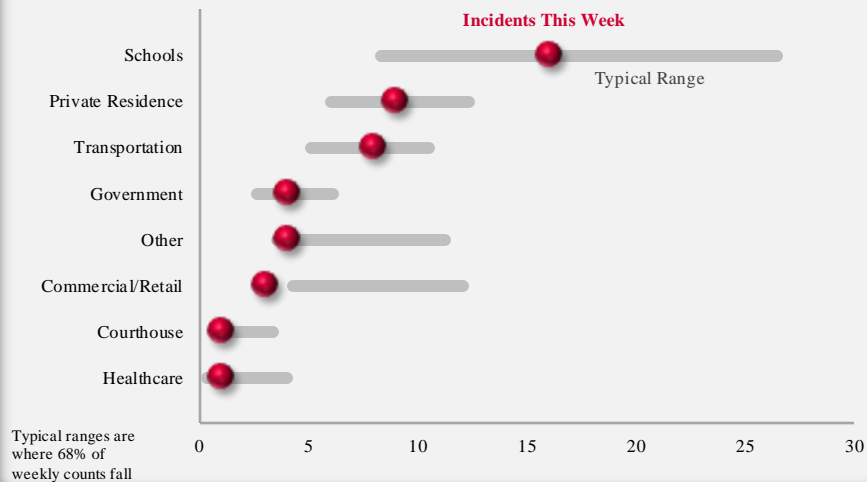
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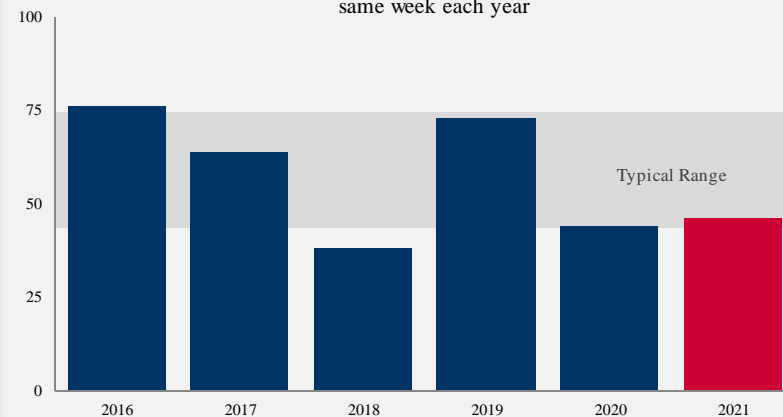
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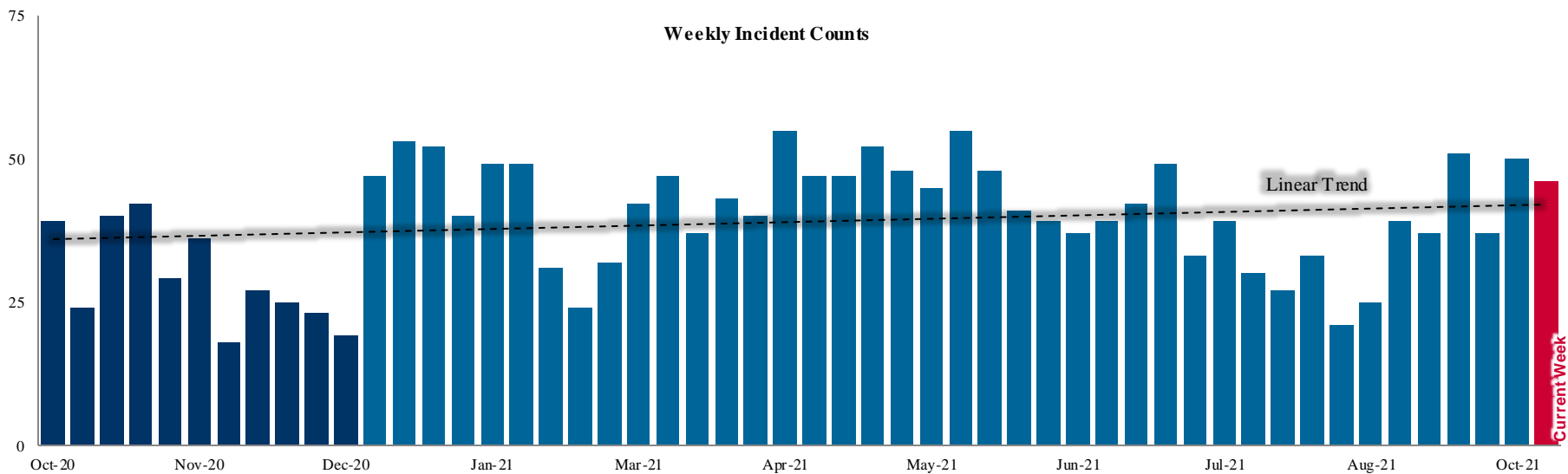
Incidents by Infrastructure Type
with ranges of typical weekly counts



Incident Counts
same week each year



Incidents this week are down 22% from the average and up 5% from last year



Current Week

A Linear Trend is a line on a graph showing the general direction that a group of points seem to follow

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Illinois: Suspect Uses Pyrotechnics to Rob Bank

On 4 October 2021, at 1317 hours local time, a 37-year-old man entered a bank in Lombard wearing pyrotechnics consisting of multiple white sticks and one red stick with black wires strapped to his waist with duct tape and handed the teller a note threatening to detonate the device if he wasn't given money. The teller gave the suspect \$800 dollars, and the suspect fled the scene. FBI agents reviewed surveillance camera footage from the bank, identified the suspect's license plate, and began surveillance of his home. Several hours later, the FBI arrested the suspect and searched the home. During the search, agents found the traceable bills, duct tape, fireworks wrappers, a notepad consistent with the demand note, and a red shirt similar to the one worn in the robbery. The suspect's wife also told agents that the suspect had called her and admitted to robbing the bank and ditching his car and then texted her a picture of a large amount of cash. The suspect was charged with one count of bank robbery.

Kansas: BMM, Possible Explosives Lab Discovered in Home

On 6 October 2021, at approximately 0100 hours local time, Wichita Police Department (WPD) officers responded to a residence in the Plainview neighborhood of southeast Wichita after receiving a call about a shooting and discovered a 31-year-old man with a severe injury to his hand. WPD determined the injury occurred as a result of a butane lighter explosion. WPD searched the residence and found evidence of suspected explosives manufacturing and a methamphetamine lab in the home. WPD Bomb Squad technicians assisted in the removal of the bomb-making material (BMM). The investigation is ongoing.



For more information about efforts to prevent bombing incidents using precursor chemicals and IED components, please visit the **Bomb-Making Materials Awareness Program (BMAP)** website at <https://www.cisa.gov/bmap>.

Florida: House Explosion Caused by Smokeless Powder

On 7 October 2021, at approximately 1630 hours local time, Hillsborough County Fire Rescue (HCFR) responded after receiving 9-1-1 calls reporting an explosion at a house in Seffner. Two victims, a man and a woman, were inside the residence at the time of the explosion; the explosion critically injured the man, and the woman was treated and released from the hospital. According to HCFR, the explosion was caused by the man reloading small arms ammunition with approximately 6 lb of smokeless powder. The explosion also blew out the right side of the house, blew the garage door across the street, and spread debris across the area. The Hillsborough County Sheriff's Office (HCSO), HCSO Bomb Squad, and ATF responded to the scene to assist in the investigation.



Source: Fox13



¹ **The Infrastructure Categories** listed in this report are derived from the DHS Critical Infrastructure Sectors:

Chemical	Financial Services	Healthcare and Public Health
Commercial/Retail	Government Facilities	Information Technology
Communications	• Courthouse	Nuclear
Critical Manufacturing	• Federal	Transportation Systems
Dams	• State	Water
Defense	• Local	Non-Critical Infrastructure
Industrial Base	• National Monuments	• Other (e.g., faith-based facilities)
Emergency Services	• Parks	• Postal and Shipping
Energy	• Schools	• Private Residence
Food and Agriculture		

DISCLAIMER:

This product provides a statistical analysis of available open-source reporting of explosives-related events, bomb threats, and improvised explosive device (IED) activity in the United States and its territories. Due to the nature of open-source intelligence (OSINT) collection, this data may not reflect all bomb-related incidents or casualty figures during the stated period and does not include classified or law enforcement sensitive information. Incidents that received a response from authorities, law enforcement, and/or first responders are frequently reported only through official channels, such as locally held police logs. Therefore, the information may not be available and/or captured in the data used to compile this report.

² **The Incident Types** used in this report are defined as follows:

- Bomb-Making Material (BMM): Materials commonly associated with IEDs but which were not assembled into a functional device at the time of discovery; this category includes both discoveries and thefts
- Bomb Threat: An intentionally false claim of the presence of a bomb at a certain location
- Device Discovered: The discovery of a hazardous device before the device was emplaced at the targeted location
- Device Emplaced: The discovery of a hazardous device emplaced at a targeted location
- Device Functioned: A hazardous device functioned
- Suspicious Package Discovered: The discovery/examination of an ultimately non-hazardous package

³ **The Federal Regions** used in this report consist of:

- Region 1 Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont
- Region 2 New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands
- Region 3 Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia
- Region 4 Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee
- Region 5 Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin
- Region 6 Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas
- Region 7 Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska
- Region 8 Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming
- Region 9 Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam, Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands
- Region 10 Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington

NOTE: Incident map and circle graph indicate Federal regions utilizing the same colors. Graph reads clockwise from top.

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